

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals
 College of Computer Sciences and Engineering
 Information and Computer Science Department
 Second Semester 2010/2011 (102)
 ICS 102 - Introduction to Computing I

Solution of Major Exam 01

Monday, 21st March 2011

Time: 120 minutes

Name:

KEY

ID#:

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Please circle your section number below:

Section	01	02	03	04	05
Instructor	Baqais	Baqais	Al-Sukairi	Ghouti	Al-Sukairi
Day and Time	SM 07:00-07:50	SM 08:00-08:50	SM 09:00 - 09:50	SM 13:10-14:00	SM 10:00-10:50

Question #	Maximum Marks	Obtained Marks	Remarks
1	20		
2	20		
3	20		
4	20		
5	20		
Total	100		

~Good Luck~

Q1. [5 + 10 + 5 = 20 marks]

- a) What's wrong with the following code fragment? Circle all *syntax* (compilation) errors. Underline all *logical* and *run-time* errors. (Do not scratch inside the box otherwise)

```
Scanner MyKeyboard = Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter your ID and name: ");
int id = MyKeyboard.nextChar();
double name = kb.nextInt();
System.out.println("Your ID is: " + name.charAt(name.length()-1));
System.out.println("Your name is: " + name.trim());
```

- b) Write in the right column the output of the code in the left column:

Java code	Output
<pre>System.out.println("Salam Shabab"); System.out.println("Welcome ICS 102"); System.out.print("\nJava"); System.out.println("Programming");</pre>	<pre>Salam Shabab Welcome ICS 102 Java Programming</pre>
<pre>int x = 4, y = 3; String s = "Hello"; System.out.println(s + y + x); System.out.println(x - y + s); System.out.println(s + x * y);</pre>	<pre>Hello34 1Hello Hello12</pre>
<pre>String s = "The \"Exam\" is easy"; System.out.println(s.indexOf("e")); System.out.println(s.charAt(5)); System.out.println(s.substring(14)); System.out.println(s.substring(4, 9));</pre>	<pre>2 E Easy "Exam"</pre>
<pre>String s = "Java"; System.out.println(s.toUpperCase()); System.out.println(s.equals("java"));</pre>	<pre>JAVA false</pre>

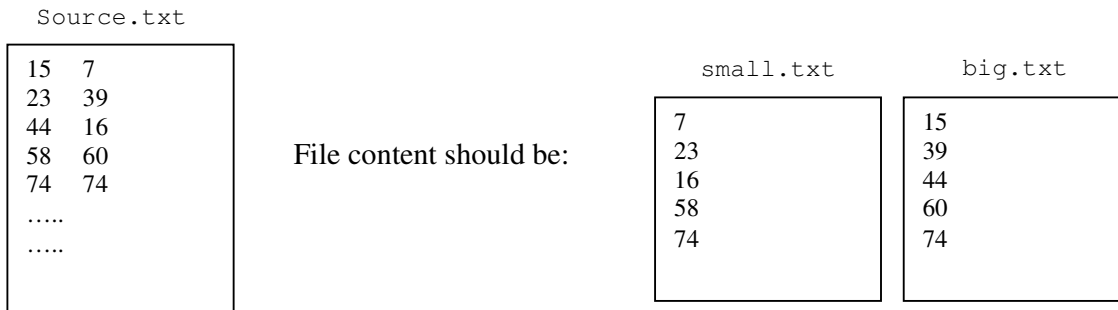
- c) Assume **myKeyboard** is a Scanner object as in:

```
Scanner myKeyboard = new Scanner(System.in);
```

For the following table, write the values of variables in the third column based on the input in the second column:

Java Code	Input	Values
<pre>String n = myKeyboard.next(); int i = myKeyboard.nextInt(); double d = myKeyboard.nextDouble();</pre>	<pre>ICS 102 4</pre>	<pre>n = "ICS" i = 102 d = 4.0</pre>
<pre>String s = myKeyboard.nextLine(); String f = myKeyboard.next(); String l = myKeyboard.next();</pre>	<pre>Java developer James Gosling</pre>	<pre>s = "Java developer" f = "James" l = "Gosling"</pre>
<pre>int i = myKeyboard.nextInt(); String n = myKeyboard.nextLine(); String m = myKeyboard.nextLine();</pre>	<pre>284652 Tareq Al-Ali Computer Science</pre>	<pre>i = 284652 n = "" m = "Tareq Al-Ali"</pre>
<pre>int i = myKeyboard.nextInt(); myKeyboard.nextLine(); String n = myKeyboard.nextLine(); String m = myKeyboard.nextLine();</pre>	<pre>284652 Tareq Al-Ali Computer Science</pre>	<pre>i = 284652 n = "Tareq Al-Ali" m = "Computer"</pre>

Q2. [20 marks] Write a program that reads an unknown number of lines from a file called source.txt and every line contain 2 values. The program should put the smaller number in a file named small.txt and the larger number in a file named big.txt. For example if the content of the file is:



```

public class PlayingWithFiles {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner sourcefile;
    PrintWriter bigfile, smallfile;
    try{
        sourcefile = new Scanner(new FileInputStream("Source.txt"));
        bigfile = new PrintWriter(new FileOutputStream("big.txt"));
        smallfile = new PrintWriter(new FileOutputStream("small.txt"));
    }
    catch(FileNotFoundException e) {
        System.out.println("Files could not be opened");
        System.exit(0);
    }

    int x = sourcefile.nextInt();
    int y = sourcefile.nextInt();
    if(x > y){ bigfile.println(x); smallfile.println(y); }
    else { bigfile.println(y); smallfile.println(x); }
    x = sourcefile.nextInt();
    y = sourcefile.nextInt();
    if(x > y){ bigfile.println(x); smallfile.println(y); }
    else { bigfile.println(y); smallfile.println(x); }
    x = sourcefile.nextInt();
    y = sourcefile.nextInt();
    if(x > y){ bigfile.println(x); smallfile.println(y); }
    else { bigfile.println(y); smallfile.println(x); }
    x = sourcefile.nextInt();
    y = sourcefile.nextInt();
    if(x > y){ bigfile.println(x); smallfile.println(y); }
    else { bigfile.println(y); smallfile.println(x); }
    sourcefile.close();
    bigfile.close();
    smallfile.close();
    }
}

```

4 marks Exception handling

6 marks opening files

5 marks reading & writing

4 marks using if statements

1 mark closing files

Q3. [4 * 5 = 20 marks] Convert the following algebraic expressions to JAVA statements. Define and initialize all needed variables as shown below.

- a) The volume of a cylinder with radius r and height h : $volume = \pi r^2 h$ (where $r = 2.5$ and $h = 2.6$)
- b) Hook's law gives the acoustic velocity as $velocity = \left(\frac{E}{rho} \right)$ (where $E = 324.234$ and $rho = \sqrt[3]{\pi}$)
- c) Given the value of the compressibility, K , and the density rho , the speed of sound is:

$$v = (K \cdot rho)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad (\text{where } K = \log(E^{2.5}) \text{ and } rho = \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right)^2)$$

- d) $E = \max \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b}}, \frac{a^2}{\log(b)} \right)$ (where $a = 2$ and $b = 3$)

a)	<pre>double r = 2.5, h = 2.6; double volume = Math.PI * r * r * h; // or double volume = Math.PI * Math.pow(r, 2) * h;</pre>
b)	<pre>double E = 324.234, rho = Math.cbrt(Math.PI); // or double E = 324.234, rho = Math.pow(Math.PI, 1.0/3); double velocity = E / rho;</pre>
c)	<pre>double K = Math.log(Math.pow(Math.E, 2.5)); double rho = Math.pow(Math.cos(Math.PI/4), 2); double v = Math.pow(K * rho, -1/2.0); // or double v = 1 / Math.sqrt (K * rho);</pre>
d)	<pre>double a = 2, b = 3; double E = Math.max(Math.cbrt(a/b), (a * a)/log(b)); //or double E = Math.max(Math.cbrt(a/b), (Math.pow(a, 2))/log(b));</pre>

Q4. [20 marks] Write a program that reads an integer between 0 and 1000 and returns:

- 1- The sum of the first and last digits.
- 2- The absolute difference of the first and last digits

For example, if an integer is 638, the sum of the first and last digits is: 14 and the absolute difference of the first and last digits is $6 - 8 = 2$.

Example execution:

Please enter an integer: **638**
 The sum of the first and last digits of 638 is: **14**
 The absolute difference of the first and last digits of 638 is: **2**

```
import java.util.Scanner; // 1 Point
public class FirstandLastDigits {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int num; // 1 Point
        int firstDigit, lastDigit; // 2 Points

        Scanner myKeyboard = new Scanner(System.in); // 1 Points

        System.out.print("Please enter an integer: "); // 1 Point
        num = myKeyboard.nextInt(); // 1 Point

        if(num < 0 | num >= 1000) {
            System.out.println("Error! Number out of range!");
            System.exit(0);
        } // 3 Points

        firstDigit = num / 100; // 3 Points
        lastDigit = num % 10; // 3 Points

        System.out.println("The sum of the first and last digits of " + num + " is: " + (firstDigit + lastDigit)); // 2 Points
        System.out.println("The absolute difference of the first and last digits of " + num + " is: " + Math.abs(firstDigit-
lastDigit)); // 2 Points

    }
}
```

Q5. [15 marks] Write a program that reads the following information from the user:

Student's first name (for example **Khaled**)

Student's last name (for example **Al-Abdullah**)

Number of credit hours in this semester (for example **15**)

Student's GPA (for example **3.6**)

Then, the program should print the first and last names capitalized. Also, the program outputs a statement according to the following rule:

Rule	Statement
$9 < \text{Number of credit hours} < 12$ and $\text{GPA} < 2.0$	You are under probation. You must work hard!
$9 < \text{Number of credit hours} < 12$ and $\text{GPA} > 2.5$	You are under load. Register more courses!
$12 \leq \text{Number of credit hours} < 15$ and $\text{GPA} > 2.5$	Your load is fine and your academic performance is acceptable!
$15 \leq \text{Number of credit hours} < 18$ and $\text{GPA} < 2.5$	Your load is high based on your poor academic performance!
$15 \leq \text{Number of credit hours} < 18$ and $\text{GPA} > 2.5$	Your load is normal based on your good academic performance!
$12 \leq \text{Number of credit hours} < 18$ and $\text{GPA} > 3.5$	Your load is fine based on your excellent academic performance!
$18 \leq \text{Number of credit hours} < 20$ and $\text{GPA} > 3.5$	You are a very hard working and excellent academic performer!

Example of execution and output:

Please enter your first name: **Khaled**

Please enter your last name: **Al-Abdulah**

Enter the number of credit hours in this semester: **15**

Enter your GPA: **3.6**

Student's name: KHALED AL-ABDULLAH

Your load is fine based on your excellent academic performance!

```

import java.util.Scanner; // 1 Point
public class StudentPerformance {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String fName, lName; // 1 Point
        double gpa; // 0.5 Point
        int nCredits; // 0.5 Point
        Scanner myKeyboard = new Scanner(System.in); // 0.5 Point
    } // 2.5 Points

    System.out.print("Please enter your first name: ");
    fName = myKeyboard.next();
    System.out.print("Please enter your last name: ");
    lName = myKeyboard.next();
    System.out.print("Enter the number of credit hours in this semester: ");
    nCredits = myKeyboard.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter your GPA: ");
    gpa = myKeyboard.nextDouble();
} // 5 Points

    System.out.println("Student's name: " + fName.toUpperCase() + " " + lName.toUpperCase()); // 2 Points

    if(nCredits < 9 && nCredits < 12 && gpa < 2) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("You are under probation. You must work hard!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits < 9 && nCredits < 12 && gpa > 2.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("You are under load. Register more courses!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits <= 12 && nCredits < 15 && gpa > 2.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("Your load is fine and your academic performance is acceptable!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits <= 15 && nCredits < 18 && gpa < 2.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("Your load is high based on your poor academic performance!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits <= 15 && nCredits < 18 && gpa > 2.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("Your load is normal based on your good academic performance!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits <= 12 && nCredits < 18 && gpa > 3.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("Your load is fine based on your excellent academic performance!"); // 0.5 Point
    else if(nCredits >= 18 && nCredits < 20 && gpa > 3.5) // 1 Point
        System.out.println("You are a very hard working and excellent academic performer!"); // 0.5 Point
}
}

```